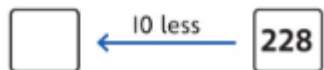
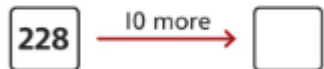
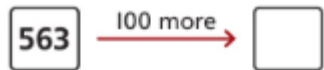


Year 3 mathematics. *What you need to know.*

Number and Place Value

- Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100.
- Find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.



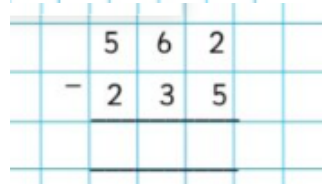
- Compare and order numbers up to 1000.



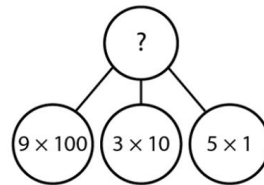
- Read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words.

Addition and Subtraction

- Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction.



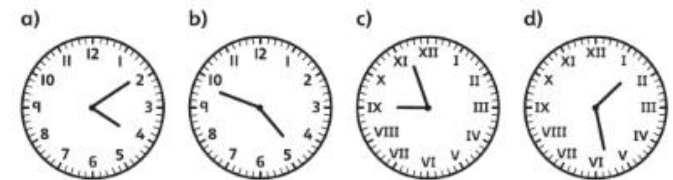
- Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.



Measurement

- Estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight.
- Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks.

What time is it?

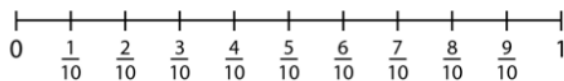


- a) minutes past 4
- b) minutes to 5
- c) minutes to
- d) minutes past

- Know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.
- Measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml).
- Measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.
- Add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts.

Fractions

- Students will count up and down in tenths.

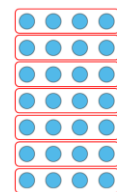


- Recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects

Multiplication and Division

- Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables.

Circle the groups of 4.

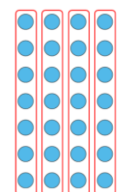


$$4 \times \boxed{7} = 28$$

$$\boxed{7} \times 4 = 28$$

There are groups of 4.

Circle the 4 equal groups.



There are 4 groups of .

Geometry

Shape

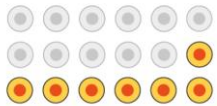
- Draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them.



- Recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn.
- Identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a halfturn, three make threequarters of a turn

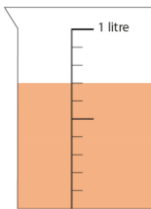
$\frac{11}{18}$ of a pack of biscuits has been eaten.

What fraction of the packet is left?



- Recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one – digit numbers or quantities by 10.

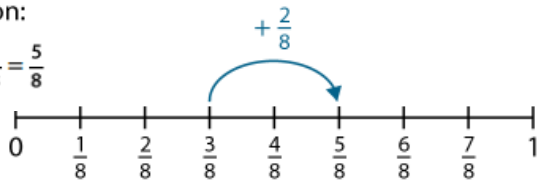
How much juice is left?



- Recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators.
- Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators.
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator

Equation:

$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{2}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$



$$\boxed{6} \times 8 = \boxed{48} \quad 8 \times \boxed{6} = \boxed{48}$$

- Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit using mental and progressing to formal written methods

$$\begin{array}{r} 123 \\ \times \quad 3 \\ \hline 269 \end{array}$$

and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle.

- Identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of

Which of these lines is horizontal?



